



UNIVERSITY OF EDINBURGH.

THE Classes for the different Branches of Education will be opened the ensuing session as follow, under the inspection of the Rev. WILLIAM ROBERTSON, D. D. Principal.

I.—LITERATURE AND PHILOSOPHY.

CLASSES.	Days of Opening.	Hours of Teaching.	PROFESSORS.
First Humanity, or Latin.	Wed. Oct. 12.—8, and 12.		Mr Hill.
Second Humanity, or First Greek.	Tues. Nov. 8.—11.		Mr Dalzel.
Second Greek.	Tues. Nov. 8.—8 and 2.		Mr Playfair.
First Mathematical.	Tues. Nov. 8.—9.		
Second Mathematical.	Wed. Nov. 9.—12.		
First Philosophy, or Logic.	Tues. Nov. 8.—1.		Mr Bruce.
Second Philosophy or Logic.	Mon. Nov. 14.—10.		
Moral Philosophy.	Tues. Nov. 8.—12.		Mr Stewart.
Natural Philosophy.	Wed. Oct. 26.—11.		Mr Robison.
Natural History.	Wed. Nov. 16.—2.		Dr Walker.
Rhetoric and Belles Lettres.	Tues. Nov. 22.—1.		Mr Greenfield.
Universal History.	Wed. Nov. 16.—2.		Mr Fraser Tytler.

II.—THEOLOGY.

Divinity Hall.	Frid. Nov. 18.—11.	Dr Hamilton.
Church History.	Sat. Nov. 26.—11.	Mr Cumming.
Hebrew and Oriental Languages.	Tues. Nov. 22.—10.	Dr James Robertson.

III.—LAW.

Institutes & Pandects of the Civil Law.	Mon. Nov. 21.—11 and 2.	Mr Dick.
Scots Law.	Tues. Nov. 15.—2.	Mr Wallace.
Public Law, and Law of Nature & Nations.	Wed. Nov. 23.—1.	Mr Macdonochie.

IV.—MEDICINE.

Anatomy and Surgery.	1.	Dr Monro.
Chemistry and Chemical Pharmacy.	10.	Dr Black.
Dietetics, Materia Medica, & Pharmacy.	11.	Dr Hume.
Theory of Physic.	Oct. 26.	Dr Gregory.
Practice of Physic.	8.	Dr Cullen.
Theory and Practice of Midwifery.	4.	Dr Hamilton.

CLINICAL LECTURES on the Cases of Patients in the Royal Infirmary, by Dr Gregory and Dr Hume, on Tuesday and Friday, at five o'clock in the evening.—The first lecture by Dr Gregory, on Tuesday November 8.

Dr Hope will begin a COURSE OF BOTANY in May 1786.

Marischal College, Aberdeen, Sept. 28. 1785.

THE several Classes in this University will be opened, under the inspection of the Rev. Dr CAMPBELL, Principal, as follow:

NOVEMBER 1.	Hours of teaching.
Moral Philosophy and Logic, by Dr Beattie.	8 and 11 m. and 3 aft.
Natural & Experimental Philosophy, Mr Copland, the same.	
Natural and Civil History, Dr Skene, the same.	
First Greek Class, Mr Stuart, the same.	
Second Greek Class, Dr Hamilton, 6 evening.	
Third ditto, Dr Hamilton, 10 morning.	
	6 evening.

DECEMBER 22.

Divinity, by Dr Campbell.	
Oriental Languages, Dr Donaldson.	
At the same time a course of Lectures on Chemistry will be begun by Mr French.	

The several Bursaries for the Students will be disposed of, as usual, by public competition, a few days before the beginning of the session.

In the Press and speedily will be published,
In One Volume Quarto, price One Guinea in boards,

OFFICE, POWERS, and JURISDICTION, OF

HIS MAJESTY'S JUSTICES OF PEACE;

Also his Majesty's Commissioners of Excise and Customs. With an accurate Abstract of the Laws and Statutes relative to the Revenue of Great Britain, which fall under the cognizance of Justices of the Peace.

Likewise, an Enquiry into the duty of Officers of Excise and Salt Officers, and remarks upon Gauging, with accurate Gauging Tables, Custom-house Tables, and Tables of Weights and Measures, &c. &c. Interspersed with Law Observations upon the various subjects.

BY ROBERT BOYD, L. L. D.

Subscriptions taken in by Mr James Murray bookseller, N° 32. Fleet Street, London. By Messrs. Balfour, Creech, Gordon, Elliot, Sibbald, Dickson, Donaldson, Brown, and Gibb, booksellers in Edinburgh; by the author himself at his house in Paterfon's Court; and by the booksellers in Glasgow, Ayr, Dumfries, Stirling, Aberdeen, Perth, Dundee, Inverness, Haddington, Leith, Greenock, &c. &c.

To be sold by CHARLES ELLIOT, Parliament Square, FORM OF JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS Before the High Court of Admiralty, Supreme Consistorial Court, and other Courts in Scotland, by the same Author, The Third Edition, price 12 s. in boards.

INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE.

THE Trustees and Directors of the PHENIX ASSURANCE-COMPANY, or NEW FIRE-OFFICE, in Lombard-Street, London, have appointed Mr JOHN STENHOUSE of Edinburgh to be agent for the said Company, for the City of Edinburgh and parts adjacent.

The Company insure Houses, Buildings, Goods, Wares, and Merchandise and the Stock of Farmers; and in case of accident pay the full amount of the loss without any deduction whatever.

N. B. They are the first Insurance-Company that ever made so fair an agreement with the Public.

Persons assured by this Company are not liable to Calls to make good the losses of others, as is the case in some offices.

Printed Proposals, containing the Rates and Conditions, may be had by applying to Mr John Stenhouse, St James's Square, New Town, Edinburgh.

Persons removing their Insurances to this office will have the charge of Stamps and Marks allowed them.

Edinburgh, October 1. 1785.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of DAVID TURNER.

THE Creditors of David Turner, Portioner in Dalkeith, are hereby requested to meet in John's Coffeehouse, on Friday the 7th October next at twelve o'clock noon; and as proposals of importance to the Creditors will be then laid before the meeting, it is hoped the whole Creditors will attend, or properly empower persons to attend for them.

AERIAL ASCENSION.

MR LUNARDI most respectfully informs the Nobility and Public at large, that on Wednesday next the 5th of October, if the weather permits, and the wind blowing from any of the following points, viz. N.—N.E.—E.—S.E. or S. he will ascend with his Balloon from HERIOT'S WORK GARDEN, Edinburgh, between Twelve and One o'clock; if the wind is not favourable then, he will ascend the first day afterwards, whenever the wind changes to any of the above points.

The Flag from the Cattle will be displayed, and Guns fired the day of his ascension, two hours before his going off.

Tickets of admission into Heriot's Garden, are issued, at three shillings each, at the following places, Mr Creech, Mr Elliot, and Mr Sibbald, booksellers; Royal Exchange, and Exchange Coffeehouse, Dunn's and Pool's Hotels, North's Tavern, Corral and Sutherland's music shop, and from Mr Lunardi at the Parliament House, or his lodgings in Walker's Hotel, No. 4. Prince's Street.

From Monday to Wednesday the Balloon and its appendages, will be exhibited in the Parliament House; in a floating state; and the Gallery in which Mr Lunardi is to take his seat will be decorated with all its apparatus.

Admission to see the Balloon only Sixpence.

To prevent confusion at the entry of the Garden, it is requested that ladies and gentlemen will take out their Tickets on the day before.

SALE OF MUSLINS, LAWNS, &c.

WILLIAM BEATSON begs leave to inform his Friends and the Public, That having entered into a concern in the Manufacturing of MUSLINS and LAWNS, he has just now on hand, at his Silk-Gauze Warehouse, south-side of Parliament Square, Edinburgh,

A Large and Elegant Assortment of plain, striped, checked, sprigged, and flowered MUSLINS of all breadths: Also, A number of Silk and Cotton Shawls, Silk and Worsted Plaids and Shawls, and a great variety of plain, striped, checked, sprigged, and flowered LAWNS, Aprons, Handkerchiefs, &c.

W. B. flatters himself, that the above Goods will be found upon trial to be of equal quality with any of their kind, being fresh and new manufactured; and they will be sold at prices considerably lower than any where else in town, either in wholesale or retail.

W. B. has always a large assortment of all kinds of SILK GAUZE on hand, which he sells at the very lowest prices, as formerly.

Present Retail Prices of TEAS and SPIRITS, &c.

At JOHN STURROCK'S Warehouse,

HEAD OF CANONGATE.		per gal.	
FINEST Hyson Green, L. o 8 o	Best Double Rum, L. o 8 o		
Good ditto, - 7 o	Single ditto, - 6 o		
Middling ditto, - 6 o	Best French Brandy, - 10 o		
Single ditto, - 4 o	Good ditto, - 8 o		
Finest Southong, - 6 o	Single ditto, - 6 o		
Ditto Congo, - 6 o	Best Dutch Gin, - 6 o		
Good ditto, - 5 o	Common ditto, - 5 o		
Ordinary ditto, - 4 o	Rum Shrub, - 8 o		
Good Bohea, - 2 o	Cherry Brandy, - 8 o		
Ordinary ditto, - 1 o	Proof Whisky, - 4 o		

Port, Cherry, and Lisbon Wines, at 1 s. 8 d. per bottle.

N. B. Those who take whole chests of Tea (in the original package) will be allowed a considerable discount.

As J. Sturrock has had long experience in the Tea and Spirit branch, and always purchases at the best and cheapest markets, he can with confidence assure the Public, that none in the trade has so many well-understood, and what some may call, better known, and more extensive connections.

TO FARMERS, GRAZIERS, and DEALERS IN BLACK CATTLE FROM THE HIGHLANDS OF SCOTLAND.

WHEREAS it has been often suggested to the Magistrates of Hawick, That a Convenient TRYST or MARKET for BLACK CATTLE and HORSES, might be held at the Town of HAWICK, or in the neighbourhood of it, between the Tryst at Falkirk, in the month of October, and St Luke's Fair at Newcastle, which begins upon 29th day of that month; and many of the Highland Drivers have offered to bring their Cattle to such Tryst, provided they can be accommodated with ground for resting them during a reasonable time, and at a moderate rate.—The Magistrates and Town-Council of Hawick having taken the matter under consideration, did, upon the 6th day of May last, come to a resolution, which is engrossed in their council-books, That they will not only furnish owners of Cattle and Horses with a convenient Market-Place for shewing them, but will likewise permit the cattle and horses to rest upon the Common belonging to the town one night for each day that the owners shall shew them in the market, not exceeding three successive nights: And, for encouraging the establishment of a good market, they resolved to demand no Rent or Grassmole for the cattle or horses while they lie upon the Common, but to exact at the rate of Tenpence for the score of such cattle and horses as shall be sold, to be paid by the buyers; that the town may get some compensation for the damage which the Common must necessarily sustain; referring to themselves power, when the market shall be well established, to increase the rate either upon the buyers or sellers, as shall be found necessary or reasonable.

There can be no doubt that this market will prove a considerable one in a short time. All the cattle that are driven from Falkirk to Newcastle or Carlisle pass through the Town of Hawick, or within twelve miles of it; so that their journey will not be increased in order to attend the market. The Common of Hawick not only affords good pasturage, but is a safe place for the cattle resting upon in the night time, being all fenced with a stone-wall; and the fields round the town being also inclosed, such as chafe it can be accommodated with good grass or stubble inclosures, at a reasonable rate. And as most of the farmers in the counties of Dumfries, Selkirk, Roxburgh, Berwick, and in the northern parts of Cumberland and Northumberland keep Highland cattle during winter, and can purchase them at Hawick with less expence and trouble than by going to Crieff, Falkirk, or Newcastle, the sale must be extensive.

The Magistrates and Council have fixed upon the 19th, 20th, and 21st of October, as the most convenient days for holding the Tryst this year, 1785. The Market-place to be upon both sides of the high-road leading from the top of Hawick-Loan to Burnfat, and along the north side of the Fethill-hill. Small parcels of cattle and horses to be shown upon the former; Drove: upon the latter. Cattle and horses not sold to remain in the Market-place from nine o'clock in the morning till three afternoon.

Several of the farmers in the upper parts of Roxburgh-shire and that part of Dumfries-shire which is contiguous to it, being desirous of taking the same opportunity of shewing the DRAUGHT-EWES, the Magistrates and Town-Council also resolved to accommodate them at same time, and in the same manner with the owners of cattle, at the rate of Threepence per score for those sold, to be paid by the buyers.

AT JAMAICA FOR LEITH,

THE ROSELLE,

(About 300 Tons)

Captain THOMAS HOGG,

Will be ready to take on board goods at Kingston, Port Antonio, Port Morant, Morant Bay, and places adjacent, by Christmas next, to be discharged at Leith for the London freight.

Apply to William Sibbald and Company, merchants, Leith, who have for sale a parcel of good Jamaica and Grenada RUM, in puncheons or small quantities.



WANTS A PLACE.

A GOVERNESS, who understands English, French, Italian, and Music. She can have an undoubted character. To prevent trouble her terms will not be less than Fifty Guineas. Any letters, post paid, addressed to Mrs Innes, opposite Bridge-street, will be duly attended to.

ROUP of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

THERE is to be SOLD by public roup, on Tuesday the 11th October, at Inveresk, in the house of Captain Christie of the Navy,

ALL SORTS of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of Mount-ed Beds, Down and Feather Beds, Blankets, Counterpanes, Wilton and other Carpets, Looking Glasses, Drawers, Tables, Chairs, DINING ROOM and DRAWING ROOM FURNITURE, very elegant; handsome sets of Tea and Table China, Kitchen Jack, and other Kitchen Furniture. The Roup to begin at ten o'clock each day, and the Drawing Room Furniture to be sold the first day, at half past one.

N. B. The Furniture to be seen the Saturday and Monday preceding the Sale.

Mrs BOWIE Auctioneer.

VILLA near Edinburgh, and HOUSE in Argyle's Square.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, on Tuesday the 29th day of November next, betwixt the hours of five and seven in the afternoon.

That VILLA in Broughton, near Edinburgh, which belonged to the late Thomas Shairp, Secretary of the Royal Bank, with the Garden and Shrubbery belonging thereto, and with coach-house, stable, and other offices. The House consists of five rooms, kitchen, and several conveniences. It is finished with uncommon taste and elegance, and commands a most beautiful and extensive prospect. Also that piece of GROUND, consisting of about one acre Scots measure, adjoining the above, on the south-west, with a coach-road from Broughton Loan. This ground, which is without the Royalty of Edinburgh, from its vicinity to Queen's Street, may be built on with great advantage; and the form of a square projected upon this ground, by the late Mr Shairp, may be seen.

Also That HOUSE in Argyle's Square, upon the fourth side, presently possessed by Miss Bruce, consisting of eight rooms, kitchen, cellars, back area, and other conveniences.

The house at Broughton may be seen at any time; and the house in Argyle's Square on Tuesdays and Fridays between one and three o'clock.

The title-deeds and plan of the ground at Broughton, and the conditions of sale, to be seen in the hands of John Campbell writer to this signet.

FOR LONDON,

THE LOVELY MARY,

WILLIAM BEATSON Master,

Lying in Leith Harbour, taking in goods, and sails the 15th October 1785.

The Master to be spoke with at the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, at 'Change hours, mornings and evenings on board the ship, or at his house in Queen's Street, Leith.

The above ship has neat accommodation for passengers, and the best of usage may be depended on.

AT LONDON—FOR LEITH,

The Brig Duches of Buccleugh,

ARCHIBALD POTTERINGER Master,

Lying at Millar's Wharf below the Royal Exchange, and sails the 11th October 1785, to be depended on.

For particulars, apply to John Waton merchant, Leith.

FOR LERWICK, ZETLAND,

The SLOOP LERWICK,

ANDREW ROSS Master,

Is now taking on board goods at Leith, and will sail positively on Monday the 10th of October instant, if the wind is fair.

For freight or passage apply to Black and Thomson, merchants, Leith.

For CHARLESTOWN in South Carolina State,

And from thence to KINGSTON in JAMAICA,

The ROBERT and MARY,

(A New BRIG from Kincardine)

Is now lying in Leith Harbour, taking in goods and passengers for any of the above ports, and will sail the 15th October, to be depended upon, wind and weather serving.—The ship is quite new, and has excellent accommodation for passengers.

For freight or passage, apply to the owner Robert Hutchison on board, or Mr James Izett, New Bridge, Edinburgh. Letters addressed as above will be punctually attended to.

For GRENADA,

THE CARRIERE,

JAMES McLEISH Master,

Is now ready to receive goods at GREENOCK, and will be clear to sail for Grenville Bay, to call at CARRIACOU, by the 25th of next month.

AND

The New Brigantine HUME, JOHN PATERSON Master, of two hundred and fifty tons burden, with the very best accommodation for passengers, is also ready to receive goods at Greenock, and will be clear to sail for St George's the 10th of November.

For freight or passage in these ships, apply to John Campbell, senior, Glasgow, or to the master at Greenock.

Glasgow, 24th September 1785.

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE BARGAIN,

A NEW VESSEL,

Presently building at Limekilns, burden about 100 Tons carpenter's measure, and will be ready for launching in a few weeks. She is built of the best materials, and complete workmanship.

A L S O,

The Brigantine NANCY, about 200 Tons burden, as she presently lies at Grangemouth. The Nancy is a stout vessel, and well found.

For particulars, apply to H. Swinton, Grangemouth. Grangemouth, Sept. 29. 1785.

PRICE of STOCKS, SEPT. 27.

Bank Stock, shut.	Short Ann. 1778, 12 13-16ths.
5 per cent. Ann. 95 3/4 a 1/2.	India Bonds unpaid, 19 a 20 prem.
4 per cent. Ann. 1777 shut.	Navy Bills, 4 ditto.
3 per cent. con. 59 1/2 a 1/4.	Exch. Bills, 11 a 12 prem.
Long Ann. —	Lottery Tickets, 12 l. 10 s.

WIND AT DEAL, SEPT. 26. V. N. W.



INTELLIGENCE FROM LLOYD'S, Sept. 27.
THE Hercules, Geerdon, from the East Indies, is arrived at Copenhagen.
The Dart, Griffith, of Liverpool, from Africa to the West Indies, with 140 slaves, was overtaken in a squall of wind to the southward of Cayenne; the Captain and 4 men took to their boat, and were 18 days before they landed at Cayenne.
The Charlestown, Easton, from St Kitts to London, is put into Cape Fear in distress.
The Grange, Roberts, from Liverpool for Philadelphia, was spoke with off Cape Clear, all well.
The Gainford, Clark, from Newcastle to Petersburg, is lost below Cromford.
The Dolphin, O'Brien, an American vessel, from Dunkirk to Philadelphia, is taken and carried into Algiers.
The Fame, Spiers, of Liverpool, is lost at Africa.
The Christian, McKenzie, of Aberdeen, took fire at Memel, and burnt to the water edge.
The Vrow Anna, Jappen, from Riga for Oporto, is put into Plymouth leaky, and her mast sprung.

From the London Papers, Sept. 27.
Vienna, Sept. 3. They write from Pettau in Styria, that on the 29th of July, the wife of a labouring man was brought to bed there of five male children, all of whom have been baptized, and appear likely to live. Charitable people have undertaken the care of four of the children, and the fifth the mother suckles.

Ratisbon, Aug. 29. The letter which his Imperial Majesty has sent to his Ministers at several of the Courts of the empire, on the subject of an union between several of the states, has given rise to much conversation here. It is asserted, that the Minister of the Elector of Brandenburg is charged by his Court to transmit a declaration to Vienna by way of reply to the above letter.

Berlin, Aug. 31. The trade of the city of Emden employed 1050 ships last year, namely, 482 for importation, and 568 for exportation. Forty-three vessels were employed in the herring-fishery.

According to divers private letters, several Russian agents are now in Poland and Galicia, making purchases of grain and brandy.

Leghorn, Aug. 26. According to letters from different parts, the Algerine pirates are now more annoying than they have been at any former period, to the commerce in the Mediterranean. Of the several gangs of pirates now at sea, four or five are so barbarous as to murder the crews of all the vessels they capture.

Genoa, Sept. 5. We learn from Nice, that a boat lately arrived there with 13 men, being part of the crew of a Neapolitan bark, who were so fortunate as to escape after the vessel had been captured by an Algerine corsair.

Venice, Aug. 25. We have received advice from the Chevalier Enno, that his fleet had again bombarded Sufa; the attack lasted three nights, during which 400 shells were thrown, of which 58 burst in the air, and 258 fell in the town, and did much damage by destroying 150 houses. The enemy fired 600 cannon balls, which did no further damage than wounding two soldiers. The same advice add, that the fleet after this left the coast on the 6th of this month.

Antwerp, Sept. 15. Every thing here seems to announce an approaching war. The Governor-General, and all the other Imperial Officers are arrived here, all of whom are preparing to take upon them the commands designed for them, and troops arrive daily. This morning the Duke of Saxe Tschchen, accompanied by all the General Officers, went on horseback to view the forts and polders of Eeckeren, Donk, Bermen. This evening we heard some guns fired, which are supposed to have been fired from the Dutch forts on the borders of the Scheldt, as a signal to open the sluices to inundate the country, which they have already done, it is said, in the neighbourhood of Sas de Ghent. It is said the Dutch fleet is in the neighbourhood of Safergen, to the number of about eleven sail, and that the Dutch have already raised a respectable battery to defend the approach to the polder of Bariland.

A new company of pioneers is arrived here, and in short nothing is going forward but warlike preparations; nevertheless most people imagine that matters will yet be settled.

Hague, Sept. 19. Letters from the East Indies are received here, dated the 17th of June last, announcing, that Captain Van Braam has obtained a great victory over the Bogriens, and made himself master of the kingdom of Riow for the East India Company. In this new expedition he took possession of a great number of cannon of different bores.

Herve, Sept. 14. Orders are come from the states of our province to furnish an immense quantity of straw, and the farmers are in consequence threshing out their corn as fast as possible; vast quantities of wood are also cutting in the Royal forests for the use of the troops.

L O N D O N, Sept. 27.
We hear, that in the night of the 16th inst. the Dutch sluices about Lillo were opened, the country laid under water, and all communication cut off by which the Imperial troops might have attempted to invade the Batavian territories in those parts.

By letters from St Helena, dated the 27th of July, we have intelligence of the General Elliott East Indiaman, outward-bound, being at False Bay, all well.

The Hinchinbrooke was expected to sail from Bengal for Europe shortly after the Earl Cornwallis.

The Glatton sailed from Bengal in company with the Earl Cornwallis, bound to Fort St George and Fort Marlborough.

The Pigot left Madras the 16th of February, and arrived at St Helena the 20th of July.

Thursday Captain Poynter, of the Tryal packet, took his leave of the Court of Directors of the India Company, previous to his sailing for India under the orders of the Secret Committee.

A letter from Vienna, dated September 7. says, "The term for the Dutch to determine either for war or peace, which was fixed for the 15th of September last, is prolonged till the 21st of this month. In the mean time 35,000 men, fresh troops, have received orders to be in readiness to march for the Low Countries. It is suspected that war is in contemplation, because the Marquis de Noailles, who had obtained permission to take a journey to Paris, is not making any preparation for his departure."

A double marriage is certainly in contemplation between our Court and that of Berlin, viz. one between the Bishop of Osnabruck and the Princess Charlotte Elisabeth Christiana; the other between the eldest son of the heir to the Prussian Crown, and one of our Princesses.

Yesterday afternoon some dispatches were received from Ge-

neral Elliott at Gibraltar, brought over in the Minerva, Capt. Day, which is arrived off Falmouth. They contain an account of several ships from the Straits and Newfoundland being safe arrived there; and that the General continued in good health.

Letters from Lisbon, dated the 8th, mention, that on the 6th they had a hurricane there, which drove several ships on shore, and a good deal of damage was done both by sea and land.

The Newfoundland fishery has been very successful this year; no fewer than 25 ships have made two voyages this season, and disposed of their cargoes to great advantage, chiefly to the Spaniards.

The Cornwallis East Indiaman, which is arrived in the River, sailed from Bengal the 15th of March. The cargo consists of saltpetre and red wood; she has above 200 soldiers on board. The following passengers are come home on board her; Colonel Gordon; Captains Lecootree and Beatty; Lieutenants Seddon, Power, Coghill, Frazer, Thornton, Boyce, Smith, Mackenzie, and Wharton; Mess. McCulloch, Angels, Fleming, and Smith.

The King has given the vacant red ribband to General Campbell. A Chapter will be held in the course of this week, when he will be invested with the order of the Bath in due form.

The leading gentlemen in the Irish Ministry being now in London, consultations are to be held on the embarrassing subject of the Irish resolutions. It is said they mean, if possible, to contrive to get over the next session by the appointment of Commissioners.

The dispatches for India were not signed on Saturday, as expected: the Board of Control and the Directors are to meet again in the course of the present week, when they will be completed and sent off afterwards to Falmouth, for which place the Trial packet sailed on Sunday from Gravesend, the Captain having received orders to proceed to that port with all possible dispatch, and then to come to town by land immediately to receive the packets, which are now sealed with the seal of the Secretary of States office, as well as that of the Company.

Governor Campbell and his suite have taken their passage in the Earl of Talbot East Indiaman, now at Portsmouth, and not in the Trial packet. They are expected to sail in the course of the present week.

Some letters received yesterday from Paris confidently affirm, that the French Government had unequivocally declared, that the conduct of their Governor of Goree, in Africa, was without their knowledge; and as a proof of their good intention to stop all future inconveniences, a sloop of war had been dispatched from Brest for Africa, with a proper person on board to make an immediate enquiry into the matters complained of, and to procure an immediate redress.

The Queen's house at Windsor, which is settled upon her as part of her jointure, and for her country residence in case she should survive his Majesty, is now completed. In this building, a matter seldom occurring in royal palaces, elegance and convenience have been more attended to than in any of the modern buildings in this kingdom. The apartments are spacious, without being too large for comfortable living. The furniture, which is all new, (the pictures and some few other decorations excepted), is simply elegant; and many of the beds, quilts, and even carpets, are the work of her Majesty, the princesses, maids of honour, and other females of the Queen's own household, and are reckoned of exquisite taste and

An inspector of provisions is appointed at Chatham, Portsmouth, and Plymouth, with the ostensible intention of paying an implicit regard to the provisions shipped on board the men of war, and to prevent bad stores being introduced by the contractors, which are so fatal to the seamen, particularly in long voyages, it having been found that bad provisions produce most diseases on board the men of war.

The following is a genuine statement of the evidence given in the melancholy case of Captain DOUGLAS.

Lieutenant Thomas Wells, of the 40th regiment:—That on Monday the 8th of August, 1785, Mr Cooper, Mr Burrell, and Mr Wells were invited to sup on board the Sampson by the third Lieutenant, Mr Tupper. They went on board with Captain Douglas 20 minutes before ten o'clock, supped there, fat down, drank, and about two o'clock on Tuesday morning a quarrel arose between Mr Walton, the deceased, and Douglas. Walton told Douglas he was his commanding officer; Douglas denied; said Lieutenant Blow was his commanding officer, and whose orders he would obey with pleasure. Walton called Douglas an impertinent puppy, and at the same time rose from his chair (which was on the opposite side of the table) went round to Douglas, and gave him a blow which made him reel. Douglas appeared very angry on receiving the blow, ran instantly into his cabin, which was separated from the ward-room by a canvass partition only, and not more than three yards distance. Mr Wells ran up, shut the door of Douglas's cabin, and endeavoured about half a minute to prevent his return into the ward-room; but, apprehensive of receiving a wound, being of canvas, he went on one side. Douglas immediately ran out with a drawn bayonet. Walton and Douglas ran to each other and closed. A scuffle ensued between them; it lasted near a minute. They parted from each other. Walton leaned against the partition, and dropped almost instantaneously down; blood issued from his mouth. This witness, while Walton and Douglas were closed, saw Douglas push twice at Walton with the bayonet; he endeavoured to take the bayonet out of Douglas's hand, but it was either drawn through his hand, or wrenched out of it. Douglas was drunk, Walton sober.

Lieutenant Nicholas Burrell, 70th regiment, speaks to the same purport with Mr Wells, that there appeared no inclination in Douglas to quarrel until the blow was given him. Both witnesses join in this. Walton appeared very passionate and insulting to Douglas. Mr Wells and Mr Cooper supported Mr Walton after his fall; he breathed about four minutes, and then died. Douglas immediately, on seeing Walton's face, appeared greatly distressed, called loudly for the surgeon, expressed sorrow for the mischief, and declared he would as soon have killed his father as Walton; he could more easily have forgiven himself. He sat down in the ward-room at a distance from where he lay, came three several times in the short time Walton lived, and enquired anxiously after his fate.

Ensign Guy Cooper, 70th regiment, corroborates every thing Mr Wells and Mr Burrell say, says home to the blow given by Walton to Douglas; he says Walton was sober; Douglas was drunk. Douglas not only shewed no disposition to

quarrel, but this witness, and the other gentlemen of the 70th regiment were surprised he could bear the language used by Walton. On Walton striking Douglas, and Douglas running into his cabin or birth, this witness being close to Walton, talked and expostulated with him, and expressed his astonishment that he should strike Douglas, or should take any notice of any thing he said, Walton being sober, and Douglas drunk. This witness was not intoxicated. The giving the fatal blow by Walton, the fetching the weapon by Douglas, the scuffle, the falling of Walton, were all in less than four minutes. This witness saw the bayonet in Douglas's hand, saw him strike Walton on the head, which was not till Walton and Douglas were closed; for on Douglas's coming out of the cabin, Walton and he rushed to each other, and closed, and it was while they were closed Douglas struck the blow on the head; he did not see Douglas thrust at Walton. As soon as Walton and Douglas were disengaged from each other, this witness saw Walton leaning against the canvass, and fall. As soon as Douglas saw Walton leaning, he said, I fear I have hurt him, and called for the surgeon, and said he would as soon have killed his father or brother as have killed his intimate friend.

On Thursday last, a singular examination took place before Mr Blackborow. A lady of fortune at Jamaica sent her three daughters to England for education, and they were placed under the care of an aunt. After some time, she wrote for the children to be sent back to Jamaica, and two of them were sent accordingly; but the third, who is about twelve years old, was detained, nor could all the expostulations of the mother obtain or procure any satisfactory information relating to her child, and therefore she came to England in search of her. Upon her arrival she found out the aunt, who refused her a sight of the child, whereupon she applied to the above magistrate, who caused the delinquent and the child to be brought before him, when the aunt persisted in her refusal to give up the child, alledging that she was averse from returning to her parent. After being told to speak the truth, and assured that she should be protected from ill-treatment, the child burst into tears, saying she could never be happy unless she was permitted to return to her mother, but that she had been induced, by the terror of threats, to express an aversion to leaving her aunt, who treated her with great severity in every respect, and employed her in the most servile offices. The Magistrate having heard the case, spoke nearly in the following terms:—"I perceive the design of withholding this child from her parent: it was manifestly to embezzle the property to which she may hereafter be entitled. Madam, I restore your daughter to you."—Here a man, who called himself attorney to the aunt, had the insolence to dispute the legality of the Magistrate's award; upon which he said, "Hear me, fellow! If you are, as you pretend to be, an attorney, you are a disgrace to the profession, as you are a human nature; and if you attempt to take one step further in this infernal combination, depend upon it, I will commit you to Newgate." The child was restored to the care of her mother; the aunt was dismissed with a severe reprimand, and the attorney with a proper admonition.

A few days since a wedding was celebrated at a village within seven miles of the metropolis, which had the following extraordinary circumstances: the bridegroom was 86 years of age, the bride 19; the father who gave away the bride was 99 years of age. There were six men, the youngest of whom was 61, who danced with six maidens, the oldest (though nearly of a size) only seventeen. There were at the dinner the father, mother, grandmother, great uncle, and great aunt of the bride; and the son and daughter, five grand children, and one great grand child, of the bridegroom, the latter of whom was four-

Extract of a letter from Bristol, Sept. 19.
"Moved by motives of humanity, I request you to publish the cause of, and preventive for, the great misfortune of ships being run down at sea."

"The cause proceeds nine times out of ten from ships on different tacks meeting so directly as not to be able to clear each other, without one bearing away and the other keeping her wind. Now, from the people on board one, not knowing how the other will act, it often happens, that they both keep the wind, or both bear away, when consequently they run on board each other, which frequently proves fatal to one of them. But why should their safety depend upon chance? It is an approved maxim of the brothers of the whip to keep on the left hand side of a street or road, by which means they avoid all accident: Why should it not be a general custom throughout the world, as it is a possible one among the fleets, that the ship on starboard tack should bear away; at least, if it cannot be made general with other nations, I think it should not be neglected in our own particular navigations."

Extract of a letter from Dublin, Sept. 17.
"Wednesday night, the following most atrocious murder was perpetrated, and which, indeed, for the honour of human nature, should ever rest in oblivion:—Near eight o'clock, James Ennis, a lad about nineteen years of age, son to a barber who lives in Angel-alley, High-street, returning home somewhat intoxicated with liquor, and having some trifling dispute with his father, who was in his shirt, pulled out a razor, and gave him four deep wounds in the arms, thighs, and body. On his mother's interfering, and endeavouring to protect the life of her aged husband, from the bloody and ferocious attacks of her unnatural son, the inhuman villain, drawing a second razor, cut the arteries and sinews of her arm across, and, still unsated, wounded her in two other places: Luckily she had sufficient strength and presence of mind left to alarm the neighbours, who arrived time enough to prevent the completion of his bloody purposes; but the hapless woman, from the extraordinary effusions of blood from her wounds, soon became motionless, having first made signs for a clergyman, who opportunely arrived some little time before she expired, which was in the most excruciating agonies; and the ill-fated maid survived was sent to the infirmary, with small hopes of his recovery.—On the alarm being given, the young diabolical monster attempted to escape, but fortunately without effect."

"When examined some time after, and seemingly in perfect sobriety, he solemnly averred, (through what motive we are at a loss to account) that he had been visited by a ghost, or spectre, for seven nights before, which had prompted him to the perpetration of the above infernal and unparalleled acts of barbarity."

Extract of a letter from Birminghams, Sept. 14.
"The fishermen on the coast have lately caught in their nets some young ravenous fish, about two feet in length, which with great difficulty and danger they have disengaged from their nets, to the great detriment thereof, and to the injury of their business. The ignorant people here supposed them to be

what is called the dog fish, whose eyes and teeth resemble those of the common shark; but some gentlemen who have been de-
fired to examine into the matter, have, to the unspeakable horror
of the bathers, pronounced this fierce species of fish to be that of
the *squalus* or true *tyger shark*; uncommon indeed on our
coasts, but well known to our seamen in the West Indies.
What puts the matter beyond all doubt is, that the fishermen
informed the gentlemen, that they have lately had some very
large ones entangled in their nets, of six and eight feet in
length, which have torn their nets to pieces, in pursuit of their
prey: whereas the dog fish, or *tubercle of Joffelyn*, never ex-
ceeds three feet and a half in length. We are happy to find
there has been no mischief done to any person by them hitherto.

Extract of a letter from Cadiz, Aug. 26.

"Arrived the *Nofra Senora do Censafian*, Don Pedro
Delbarco, without a mast standing. She was captured by an
Algerine Corfair of 36 guns, which, after plundering her, and
taking out what they thought proper, suffered her to depart.—
The Algerine had just before taken a large ship from Mary-
land, under American colours, which they sent into Algiers.
The N. S. do Censafian saw four other Algerine Corfairs
cruising in the same latitude."

EDINBURGH.

Extract of a letter from London, Sept. 27.

"The affairs of the Continent still continue to engross the
attention of Europe, and particularly of the British Cabinet. It
is yet, however, very uncertain, whether the sword will be
drawn, or the olive branch exchanged, between the Emperor
and the Dutch. By a gentleman of fashion and information,
who left the Hague on Saturday last, the politics of their High
Mightinesses were so closely locked up, that it was impossible
to tell, even there, whether there would be a war or not. On
the one hand, the demand of the Emperor was thought by
much too enormous to be complied with; while, on the other
hand, the majority of the States General seemed averse to com-
ing to blows with his Imperial Majesty.

"While matters are thus situated with respect to the Empe-
ror and the Dutch, the King of Prussia has a jealous eye upon
the restless Joseph, and has formed a confederacy, which he
hopes to strengthen, to frustrate his views, judging, and, per-
haps, not improperly, that his disputes with Holland may only
be used as a pretext for raising a most formidable army, and as
a cover to his real design. However that may be, Frederick is
an old soldier, and seems determined not to be taken by sur-
prise.

"There is nothing, however, so much involved in doubt
and obscurity as the conduct of the French party at the Hague,
who apparently are the friends of the Hollanders, while all the
world knows that they are in the interest of the Emperor. It
is said, that some very capital remittances have lately been
made from Paris, though what game the French mean to play
is not exactly known.

"Frequent couriers are passing to and from all the different
Courts of Europe, and a war is thought inevitable; but the
best informed politicians are of opinion, that if a blow is struck
at all, it will be in the course of a fortnight.

"A more than ordinary anxiety seems to pervade the Roy-
al mind, to learn every particular respecting the present state of
affairs on the Continent, and to be in the earliest receipt there-
of, a desire which his Majesty is said to have most completely
gratified by the attention paid thereto by the Bishop of Osnab-
burg, whose political knowledge and literary talents are said to
be as much unrivalled as they are the pride and honour of his
diocese.

"It is reported from very good authority, that the principal
matter under the consideration of the two last Cabinet Coun-
cils, has been to prevent an union taking place between the
Emperor of Germany, and the Empress of Russia; to effect
which, the Court of France is said to be using all the art of in-
trigue, for which she is so much distinguished.

"A bett of one thousand guineas was this day laid at
Tom's Coffeehouse, at the Royal Exchange, that war is not
commenced, either on the part of the Emperor or the Dutch,
within the space of one calendar month; but the party refused
the same bett over again, that there is no war at all.

"The rage for building at all the outskirts of London, and
carrying it every where into the country, and which continues
now as strong as it has been for these twenty years past, has
very seriously alarmed government, and occasioned a resolution
to be taken for bringing in a bill, very early next session of Par-
liament, for restraining the same.

"The opposition to the new shop-tax daily encreases;
but it does not by any means seem to abate the Mini-
ster's attachment to it. The Collectors are preparing for
collecting the same, and appear as if determined to persevere
therein, while associations are forming, and solemn engage-
ments making, for resisting the payment thereof, and obliging
the officers to disfranchise for the amount of the duty.

"There is no foundation for the report, that Mr Wilber-
force, is appointed secretary to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland
in the room of Mr Orde, nor even that Mr Orde has yet re-
signed."

Died at Tobago, on the 29th of July last, Mr John Irvine,
son of Mr John Irvine, Clerk of Chancery.

We mentioned in our last, the resolution come to by the
proprietors of houses situate on the high-forest, regarding the
operations carrying on for levelling that street. In consequence
of that resolution a bill of suspension was prepared and pre-
sented to Lord Stofield, ordinary on the bills, who, on Wednes-
day night, ordered the same to be answered, and, in the mean
time, granted a lift against the causeway being lowered above
three feet in any one place. Answers have accordingly been
given in for the Lord Provost and Magistrates. These answers
likewise contain proposals for an accommodation; but we under-
stand, as they do by no means meet the ideas of the proprie-
tors, cannot be accepted. Replies are therefore to be given
in on their part; and a decision upon the whole business may
be expected next week. Till then the lift continues in force.

Last week, was seized, at the Cloan in Galloway, by a re-
venue cutter, a large smuggling lugger, having on board upwards
of 1000 packages of tobacco, (about 120 hhd.) besides a large
quantity of spirits.—The vessel and cargo are supposed to be
worth from 12 to 14,000l.

On Tuesday, a woman was found drowned in the Great Can-
al near to Ruchil. She belongs to Glasgow, went from her
house about seven the preceding evening, but it is uncertain
how or when she fell in.

It was yesterday reported in this city, (Dublin) that the Bri-

tish Minister is determined, in case his bill for a commercial
adjustment between Great Britain and Ireland doth not pass
early in the ensuing session in this kingdom, to prosecute open-
ly its real principles and tendency, by proposing an ACT OF
UNION between the sister nations, and bring this great mea-
sure to bear, though it cost ten millions sterling to Great Bri-
tain. This great object is generally thought to be the real
cause of Mr B—f—d, Mr O—e, and Mr C—ke's depar-
ture for London. *Dublin Ev. Post.*

It happens well for this country, that the situation of Mr
Grattan places him above any Administration. His late con-
duct proves, that that stubborn and headstrong independence which
marked his political entrance into life, still forms the most dis-
tinguished characteristic of the man. It well became the Ir-
ishman, who nobly and honourably enjoys the liberality, not,
indeed, of a Minister, but his country, speaking of the commer-
cial adjustment, to declare in the face of the nation, "that if
such a measure, or any thing like it, should hereafter be produ-
ced, I shall be in my place to oppose the yoke, to oppose a sys-
tem founded on principles of empire, not commerce—recom-
mended by the language of insult—justified by depreciating the
real value and importance of Ireland, and accompanied with
the surrender of the constitution and commerce, and of every
thing which is dear to this country." *Ibid.*

It is with the most pungent regret the Cattle people reflect
upon the generosity of the Irish nation to Mr Grattan. Had
we given him pension, place, or sinecure, say they, we still
would have reined him at pleasure, and made him the servile
drudge to every Administration; but that plaguy 50,000 l. is
laid out in the purchase of lands in the Queen's county, and
the little fellow lives so much within his income—there is no
coming at him. *Ibid.*

Extract of a letter from Dublin, Sept. 24.

"This day, the Lottery Wheels were taken from the Se-
cretaries Office in Crampton-court to the Opera-house in Ca-
pel-street, where the Lottery will begin drawing on Monday
morning next at nine o'clock.

"A letter from a gentleman of this city, now at Spa, says,
that it will be impossible for England to remain neuter as soon
as the war impending in Germany shall break out, the Empe-
ror being determined, if the Court of London doth not join in
the grand alliance, to enter and take possession of all the here-
ditary dominions of his Britannic Majesty in Saxony and
Westphalia.

"Though none of the ancient continental allies of Great
Britain made the least motion towards its assistance during the
late war, Great Britain, unhappily now, has it not in her power
to retaliate upon them by a like indifference, when they are at-
tacked, because Great Britain, or rather its Prince, has posses-
sions in the midst of them, that in a few hours can be invaded
by hostile neighbours; whereas when Great Britain was enga-
ged, the scene of action was far distant from Germany. Great
Britain, therefore, cannot be neuter, now that the flame of war
menaces all Germany; the consequence will be, the sending
off an army to defend Hanover, &c. France, and perhaps
Spain and Holland, will be again drawn upon us; and while
we shall be bereft of a large standing army, which, when of no
use, we maintained in time of profound peace, the boasted pro-
tection of a British navy against the enemies of Great Britain
again denied, the Volunteers of Ireland must once more step
forward to defend their country, to defend the trembling
wretches that asperfed them."

Extract of a letter from Inverary, Sept. 28.

"The Circuit Court of Justiciary was opened here yester-
day by the Right Honourable Lord Kington, change-keeper at Lochlaven-head,
and Donald White, residenter at Portinellan, both in the parish
of Invercheolan, and county of Argyll, accused of deforcing
officers of the revenue in the exercise of their duty, were out-
lawed for not appearing.

"There being no other business, the Court was adjourned
till Thursday, when they proceed for Glasgow."

Extract of a letter from Kells, Sept. 30.

"On Saturday last we had a great fall of rain here, and on
Sunday morning the Tweed was considerably swelled; but al-
though we have frequently seen a flood several feet higher, yet
great deal of corn was swept off the low grounds. Some sheep,
which were grazing on the island in the middle of the river at
our mills, were carried away by the flood, and part of them
lost.

"We hear, that on Tuesday first, an elegant balloon will
be launched at Jedburgh, by Mr Clarke, junior, who, out of
compassion to a distressed teacher, in prison for debt, at New-
castle-upon-Tyne, in the year 1784, made and launched there,
at his own expence, the neatest and most powerful balloon ever
heard of; being only three feet in diameter, and loaded with
ornaments, yet in the space of three hours, travelled 126 miles,
as appears by letters from gentlemen in the neighbourhood of
Hull, in Yorkshire, where it fell. The collection on this ac-
count amounted to upwards of 30l. which sum effectually ob-
tained the enlargement of the prisoner, and restored to society
a useful and respectable member.

"The Rood Fair at Jedburgh, and St Ninian's Fair in
Northumberland, were both held on Tuesday last, and with
pleasure we hear that black cattle sold remarkably well at
both."

Extract of a letter from Glasgow, Sept. 29.

"The inconveniences suffered on Sunday morning by the
swelling of the river, by the people inhabiting the shops and
ground-floors in the Bridgegate, were many and great. The
aged and infirm were obliged to abandon their dwellings; one
of whom, a woman, died very soon after she was carried to a
neighbour's house. Two children, ill of the small pox, died
almost at the time of removing them. Considerable quantities
of corn, &c. came down the river. A large parcel of cloth,
whitening in the Flethers Haugh, was carried off by the wa-
ter, though it had been removed to what was thought a place
of safety.

"The river Cart rose so suddenly as to cover the haughs on
the side of the river, while the people were employed in re-
moving the corn. A great quantity of printed cloth was carried
off from Pollockshaw printfield.

"The Kelvin was not less swelled, and has broke down the
embankment thrown up at Bowmore haughs, to prevent its en-
croachment in time of flood.

"The Great Canal was so filled with water, as to be about
eight feet deep; and, from the weight of water, it was in dan-
ger of bursting; but the precaution of opening the lower sluices
has preserved that useful work, though a considerable rent
has been made on its banks near to Inchbelly Bridge."

Stirling, Sept. 29. 1785.

This day, came on the election of Magistrates and Council
for the ensuing year, when the following Gentlemen were cho-
sen, viz.

DAVID GOURLAY, Esq. Provost and High Sheriff.
Mess. James Young,
William Anderson,
Robert Banks,
James Gibb,
Michael Connal, Dean of Guild.
James Jeffray, Deacon Convener.
John Sutcliff, Treasurer.
Alexander Littlejohn,
John Hill,
William Christie, Junior,
John Meir,
William Cowane,
John Miller,
Alexander Craig,
Thomas Stewart, Deacon of the Hammermen.
George Gillfillan, Deacon of the Weavers.
Melcom Macfarlane, Deacon of the Tailors.
Alexander Wilson, Deacon of the Cordners.
Andrew Littlejohn, Deacon of the Flethers. And,
James Brown, Deacon of the Skinners.

Extract of a letter from Jamaica, to a gentleman in Edin-
burgh.

"Our crop of sugar, as well as those on most of our neigh-
bouring estates, has come greatly short of what was expected.
Three weeks ago we inoculated fifty negroes for the small pox;
they are all recovered; there never was an instance of the small
pox being so favourable to this island as now. In St Ann's
parish, one doctor inoculated 1300, and did not lose one; that
will at least put 1000 l. in his pocket. He receives 12 s. some-
times 15 s. for every negro, and 2 s. 10 s. for every person of
colour, beside the inoculation of whites. Thus you see this is
a very good country for physicians."

To the Printer of the Caledonian Mercury.

SIR,

LORD Verulam, the celebrated forerunner of the more
celebrated Newton, constantly recommends Experiment
as the sure means of investigating nature. Is it possible to fol-
low his method in questions of national prosperity? It is ad-
mitted, that the fishery on the coasts of the Highlands and
Islands of Scotland is such that it could serve the world with
salted herrings, cod, ling, &c. besides fresh fish for home con-
sumpt. This great bounty of Providence is possessed much more
by the Dutch and others, than by the Scotch. Holland ab-
ounds with cities and villages. The Highlands and Islands
are destitute of both. Without cities, there can be no combi-
nation of industry. How are they to be established? Experi-
ment: Mark out, in the Highlands and Islands, forty places most
advantageously situated with respect to navigation and the fish-
ery. Grant to these places moderate pecuniary aids for build-
ing cottages, and for purchasing implements of industry. Grant,
besides, to each of these places, in proportion to the numbers
of people they contain, exemptions from the duty upon coal,
ale, whisky, soap, candles, and leather. Such exemptions
ought to be tried, because the object is great, success probable,
expence small, and would operate upon the fishery, and upon
the general prosperity of these places, like manure upon a poor
farm.

PETER THE SECOND.

Edin. Sept. 1785.

We are much obliged to F— for his favour, and are sorry it cannot
have a place, on account of personalities.

Jenny, Simson, is arrived at North Carolina from Clyde.

Caroline, Gardin, is arrived from Clyde and Liverpool.

Findlay, Farrie, at Dover from Jamaica.

Indultry, Moor, at Madeira from Maryland.

Bucklin, Harromand, at Antigua from North Carolina.

Swift, Shephard, at Virginia from Grenada.

SOUND SHIPPING.

PASSED THE SOUND,

Sept. 14. Four Sisters of and from Dundee, Key, for Stockholm, ballast.
Neptune of and from Bowditchouness, Cowan, for Copenhagen.
Riga Merchant of and from Abroath, Spink, for Riga, ballast.
Hope of and from Anstruther, Wilkie, for Memel, ballast.
Mary and Michael of Newcastle, Pendleton, from Boness in
Cumberland, for Memel, ballast.

15. Elizabeth of Kincardine, Peacock, from Amsterdam, for ditto.
16. Rodney of Yarmouth, Birch, from Memel, for Leith, timber.
Latona of Aberdeen, Storry, from ditto, for Aberdeen, ditto.
Lark of Dunbar, Cannon, from ditto, for Dunbar, ditto.
Endeavour of Stranraer, Adair, from ditto, for Stranraer, ditto.

ELLENORE, Sept. 17. Wind S. E. WALTER WOOD.

ARRIVED AT LEITH, Sept. 30. Polly, Sibbald, from Dantzick, with
goods; Betty, Peattie, from Glasgow, with sugar; Diligence,
Comb, from Archangel, with tarr and tallow, &c.

ARRIVED AT GREENOCK, Sept. 26. Castleisle, Buchanan, from
Jamaica, with sugar and rum; Jane, Macarthur, from Drogheda,
with oats to Donbarron.—27. Juno, Ritchie, from Dantzick, with
timber; Norfolk, Freebairn, from Petersburg, with deals and iron;
Sisters, Jamieson, from Dantzick, with timber; Nelly, Campbell,
from Hamburg, with ditto.—28. Hero, Falconer, from St Kitts,
with sugar and rum; Betty, Fullarton, from Lairs, with meal; Jen-
ny, Lamont, from the Highlands, with kelp; Integrity, Wilkey,
from Memel, with timber; William, Boyd, from Londonderry, in
ballast; Nelly, Brody, from the Highlands, with kelp; Briton,
Harrison, from St Vincents, with sugar and rum; Betty, Mains,
from Peterburgh, with hemp.

VILLA AT LAURIESTOUN.

TO be SOLD, that HOUSE, PARK, and GARDEN at Lauriestoun,
presently possessed by Mr Robertson printer. The House consists
of 12 fire-rooms, with closets, and other conveniences.—In the principal
storey, is a drawing-room, dining-room, parlour, and library—in the upper
storey, four bed-rooms, with closets to each—in the under storey, a
kitchen, a large room to the south, three other rooms, with pantry, cellars,
catacombs, &c. There is also a cold bath—a coach-house and stable,
with stalls for three horses—likewise an ice-house, at present possessed on a
lifetent tack. There is a pump-well of excellent water within 9 feet of
the House, from which it is conveyed into the kitchen by a leaden pipe.
The House stands in a warm dry situation, on a gentle declivity to the
south; and the prospects from it are extensive and delightful. It is only
a few minutes walk from the Cross; and there is now an easy access to
the New Town on the west by the Lothian road.

The whole ground consists of about six Scots acres; of which two acres
are laid out in a garden, the rest in grass. It is completely inclosed, both
from without, and also by a sunk fence within; round which is a serpen-
tine walk, with shrubbery, and a flower border. The garden is well stored
with fruit trees of the best kinds, which bear well; and contains about
550 feet of fruit wall, besides espaliers and standards. At the foot of
the park is an entry to the Meadow, very convenient for walking.

The whole premises pay only 5 s. yearly of feu-duty, which is not a
shilling per acre. This ground, so very near the city, is now become
more valuable, on account of the new South Bridge, which, by opening
an easy communication between the Old and New Towns, will make it a
desirable place for building on.

The house may be seen on Tuesdays and Fridays, between twelve
and two o'clock.

The whole, or any part of the price, may remain in the hands of the
purchaser, upon proper security.

For further particulars, apply to the proprietor at the house.

ROUP OF FURNITURE.

ON Monday next, 3d October, there will be SOLD in Gofford's Close, Lawnmarket, 1st turnpike, left hand, fifth door.
All Sorts of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, viz. Mounted Beds, Feather Beds, and Blankets, Looking Glasses, and Drawers, with Kitchen Furniture, two Jars, and an Eight Day Clock.
The roup to begin at ten o'clock forenoon, and continue till all is sold off.
DUNCAN M'ARTHUR, Auctioneer.

To be LET at Somerville House,

SEVERAL GRASS PARKS, with exceeding good foggage, from this time either to Candlemas next, or to 1st January 1787. Enquire at Robert Sellers, gardener at Somerville House.

To be LET, and entered into immediately,

THAT HOUSE South end of Potterrow
Street, fit to accommodate a numerous family. The ground storey contains a large kitchen, two halls, and other conveniences for servants.—The first floor, an elegant dining-room, drawing, and dressing rooms.—The second, three bed-chambers with closets; and the upper storey, two large garret rooms.
A coach-house, stables, &c. belong to the house.
Howden, mason, Bristo-street, just opposite, will show it; and Alexander Beverly, upholsterer, Bridge-street, will agree for the rent.

To be SOLD by private bargain,

A HOUSE at the Freegate Burn, consisting of
two Flats. Each Flat has three rooms, kitchen, and closets, with a piece of ground before the same, presently possessed by William Simpson paper-maker, finely situated for sea-bathing. For particulars, apply to Robert Baillie mason in Abbey. Not to be repeated.

Roup of Stocking upon the Farm of Torbain,

Near Kirkcaldy, in Fife.
TO be SOLD by public roup, upon the 13th day of October 1785, the whole Stocking of Torbain, viz. Black Cattle for the plough or stall, of a good breed, Work-horses, Labouring Utensils of different kinds, with Wheat and Fodder from the stack. The roup to begin at ten o'clock morning.

INN AT STIRLING.

TO be SOLD by public action, on Friday the 21st day of October next, at three o'clock afternoon,
That Large and Commodious INN lying within the Town of Stirling, below the Meal-market, with the whole stables, lofts, office-houses, and yards thereto belonging, all as presently possessed by John Stewart vintner. The roup is to be held at the Inn, and the progress of writs, with the articles of sale, are to be seen in the hands of John Burn writer in Stirling.

NOTICE.

IN the Process of SALE and RANKING, at the instance of Mrs Rachel Dall, eldest daughter of Mr William Dall, minister at Barry, as heir apparent of the deceased Thomas Dall Ruffel of Balcurvie, her brother, AGAINST the Creditors of the said Thomas Dall Ruffel, the Lord Rockville, Ordinary, on the 6th of August last, pronounced the following interlocutor:—"Ordains the Creditors to produce their interests in the Clerk's hands between the 12th day of November next; and appoints intimation hereof to be made to the Creditors in the Minute Book, and in the Caledonian Mercury and Edinburgh Evening Courant."
In obedience to which interlocutor, the above intimation is made.
H.S. STEVENSON.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of the late Mr WILLIAM AYTOUN,
Writer to the Signet.

WHEREAS several notifications have been made in the newspapers, desiring the Creditors of Mr Aytoun to lodge the grounds of their respective debts against his estate, and to depone upon the verity thereof; but as several of the Creditors have not adverted to these advertisements, this further Notice is given, requesting such of Mr Aytoun's Creditors as have not complied with the former advertisements, that they will immediately lodge their grounds of debt, with depositions on the verity thereof, in the hands of Mr David Ruffel accountant in Edinburgh, the trustee, or Mr Samuel Mitchell jun. writer to the signet, Nicolson's street, in order that a division may be made immediately of the funds recovered. Certifying those Creditors who shall fail to comply with this notification, that they will have themselves only to blame, if they are not included in the division that is to take place soon.

To the CREDITORS of HENRY SCOTT, late Carpet Weaver in Pleasance of Edinburgh.

AS the funds received by the executor of the said Henry Scott are now about to be divided, such of the creditors as have not hitherto produced their grounds of debt, are desired to lodge the same immediately with William Scott writer, Merchant-street, Edinburgh; and if this is not done betwixt and the 20th of this month, those who fail to do so will be cut out from any share of the dividend now to be made.
Not to be repeated.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of JOHN DUDGEON, late Tenant in Butterdenmains, Berwickshire

AS the trustees for the creditors of the said John Dudgeon are, against the term of Martinmas next, to make a division of the funds which shall then be collected, it is requested that the creditors will, on or before the 20th of October current, lodge their grounds of debt, with oaths of verity thereon, in the hands of John Tait writer in Dunbar, or Adam Watson writer in Dunfermline, certifying those who neglect to do so, that they will be cut off from any share of the funds to be divided as aforesaid. Not to be repeated.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of PATRICK and JAMES BROWN, and PATRICK BROWN and SON, Merchants in Portfey.

IN a general meeting of the creditors of the said Patrick and James Brown, and Patrick Brown and Son, held here this day, pursuant to the advertisements published agreeable to the act of Parliament, the creditors unanimously approved of the accounts exhibited by Messrs. Thomas Bannerman and Alexander Hadden, the trustees, and of their whole management of the subjects under sequestration. But observing that there was but little cash in hand for the subject of an immediate dividend, unanimously resolved to defer any dividend till the 3d day of January next, by which time bills to a considerable amount now current, will probably be paid. And unanimously requested the trustees to continue their management till then, so far as to receive and divide the amount of these bills, with the cash now in hand, which the said Thomas Bannerman and Alexander Hadden, in compliance with the unanimous request of the meeting, agreed to do.—They therefore, in terms of the appointment of the meeting, give notice, That another general meeting of the creditors of the said Patrick and James Brown, and Patrick Brown and Son, is to be held within the house of George Smith vintner in Aberdeen, the said 3d day of January next, at eleven o'clock before noon, for the purpose of receiving a dividend of the bankrupt's effects, so far as then converted into cash, and to elect a new trustee or trustees in place of the said Thomas Bannerman and Alexander Hadden, who are then peremptorily to resign. And they require the creditors then and there to attend, by themselves, or their agents duly authorized.

They further give notice, that objections have been stated to several of the claims lodged with the trustees; and that these objections, with the accounts of management and scheme of division, will lie open in the hands of David Morice advocate in Aberdeen, factor to the trustees, for inspection, till the said 3d day of January next.

And they request, that such persons as are indebted to the estate by bills now current, will punctually pay them as they fall due, to the said David Morice, at his house in Marichal-street, otherwise diligence must be done.

ALEXANDER HADDEN.
T. BANNERMAN.

A FARM TO LET,

In the parish of Channellkirk and county of Berwick.
CARFRAE MILL and LAND, by public roup, at Boghall, the 15th October 1785, betwixt eleven and twelve o'clock forenoon.
The land is all arable, and has ready access for improvement by lime and contains, by estimation, 74 Scots acres, or thereby. The mill is advantageously situated on the turnpike road leading to Dalkeith and Edinburgh, for meal-making, and has a considerable thirlage of the barony of Carfrae and other farms. The farm in general should be in better order, and not so impoverished, the tack expiring by the tenant's death, than farms in general are on a fixed period.

Any person inclining to take the farm may send private offers in writing to John Hay, Esq; younger of Hopes, factor to the Marquis of Tweeddale, specifying the rent they will give for the land and mill, which offers will be attended to, and, if not accepted, concealed, if desired.
Not to be repeated.

MILLS TO LET.

TO be LET, the MILLS and GRANARIES of CANONMILLS, in the neighbourhood of Edinburgh and Leith, which will be out of lease at Martinmas 1786.—The advantages these mills possess from their vicinity to the above-mentioned places, with their great command of water, and the improvements which at a moderate expence may be made upon them, render them a desirable object to any substantial tenant.

The tenant may likewise be accommodated with ground to the extent of 50 or 60 acres, within half a mile of the Mills.

Any person inclining to take the premises, may apply to Mr Archibald M'Dowall, merchant in Edinburgh; and if no bargain is concluded, the same will be exposed to public roup; the time of which will be notified in a future advertisement.

Likewise to be feued, about an Acre of Ground, being the garden above Paul's Work; an entry therefrom into Leith Wynd, of about 30 feet breadth, to be opened against Whitfunday next.—A plan of which may be seen as above.

LANDS IN MID-LOTHIAN TO BE SOLD.

By Adjournment, at the Desire of an intending Purchaser.
TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffee-house, Edinburgh, on Friday the 7th October next, at five o'clock afternoon,

The Lands of LEITH-HEAD, comprehending the Inn and 40 acres of land set therewith, commonly known by the name of Little Fauslage, lying in the parish of Kirknewton and county of Edinburgh.

The lands in whole consist of about 260 acres, and there was lately built upon them a mansion-house fit to accommodate a pretty large family. They are situated eleven measured miles from Edinburgh, on the great road leading from thence to Lanark and the shire of Ayr.

If the lands are not sold, the whole, except the inn and 40 acres of land, will be let for a year, and to be entered to at Martinmas first.

For further particulars apply to James Sommers writer in Edinburgh.

JUDICIAL SALE.

Brewery and Houses about Edinburgh.

TO be SOLD, by authority of the Court of Session, within the Parliament-house, Edinburgh, upon the 24th of November 1785, between the hours of four and six afternoon,

The SUBJECTS after mentioned, which be-
longed to the deceased Andrew Hogg, brewer in Canongate, in the following lots, viz.

LOT I. All and Whole that BREWERY and DWELLING-HOUSE thereto adjoining, consisting of three storeys, presently possessed by James Hardie Douglas brewer, at the yearly rent of 25 l. sterling, lying within the burgh of Edinburgh, on the south-side of the High-street thereof, without the Netherbow.

This brewery was lately built by the said Andrew Hogg, and consists of a large brew-house, malt-kiln, malt-bara, 66 feet long by 15 broad, with two storeys of lofts above, and vaulted cellars below, all of the same length with the barn, a large counting-room between the kiln and brew-house, two cellars thereto adjoining, with a steep or coble, a stable, pump-well, and many other conveniences. The dwelling-house was also lately built by Mr Hogg; and these together used formerly to set at above 40 l. sterling, but being for several years back in the hands of creditors, who could give no lease, they are at present let at the above low rent of 25 l. per annum, and are to be exposed at eleven years purchase, or 275 l.

LOT II. All and Whole that large Tenement of LAND or HOUSE, with the cellars thereto belonging, also lately built by Mr Hogg, lying at the south side of the Canongate, adjoining to the new road lately made out there, consisting of two storeys, garrets, and vaulted cellars below.

It is at present let to the said Andrew Hogg, at the yearly rent of 16 l. and the cellar by John Reid at 2 l. making together 18 l. and is to be exposed at eleven years purchase, being 198 l.

The subjects in these two lots hold burghage of the town of Edinburgh.

LOT III. All and Whole that large Tenement of LAND, lately built by the said Andrew Hogg, consisting of four storeys and garrets, with to-fall cellar, presently possessed by John Carfrae and others, lying in the Pleasance of Edinburgh, and paying of yearly rent 24 l. sterling. This tenement being lately built, is in thorough repair, and is to be set up at nine years purchase, or 216 l.

LOT IV. All and Whole two other Tenements of LAND, consisting of two storeys and garrets, fronting the High-street of the Pleasance, presently possessed by George Bain and others, at the yearly rent of 16 l. which are to be exposed at the low rate of six years purchase, or 96 l.

The subjects in these two lots hold feu of the town of Edinburgh for payment of one merk Scots of yearly feu-duty. The two last tenements are insured in the Edinburgh Friendly Insurance, and the premium being paid up, they draw yearly a dividend from that society, corresponding to 1020 l. Scots, the sum insured. This is not included in the rental.

The last lot will, from the new high-street which is to run from the Pleasance westward, along where the city-wall now stands, and is therefore a most desirable situation for building on, as it will terminate the prospect of that street to the east.

The rental and progress of writs are to be seen in the hands of Mr Keith Dunbar, depute-clerk of session; to whom, or to James Saunders, writer to the signet, persons intending to purchase may apply for further information.

SALE OF LANDS IN ARGYLESHIRE.

TO be exposed to sale, by way of public roup, at Campbelltown, and within the house of Hugh Rowan vintner there upon Wednesday the 16th of November next, betwixt the hours of one and three o'clock afternoon,

ALL and WHOLE the just and equal Third Part of All and Whole the Four-merk Land of old extent of TIREFERGUS, comprehending the High, Laigh, and Middle Towns of Tirefergus, with the whole pertinents thereof, which belonged to Ronald Campbell late merchant in Campbelltown, lying within the parish of Kilkewan, and shire of Argyll.—AS ALSO, All and Whole the just and equal Half of that Tenement of Houses, Park, Garden, &c. in Dullentober, lately possessed by the said Ronald Campbell, lying within the parish of Kirkmichael, lordship of Kintyre, and therselford forefard; all as particularly described in the articles of roup of said subjects, and writs and title-deeds of the same, which are clear and unexceptionable.

The forefard lands of Tirefergus are pleasantly situated, within three miles of Campbelltown, and in the neighbourhood of the coal-work at Drumblin.

It is requested that all those who are indebted to the said Ronald Campbell will settle with and pay what they owe, to Mr Archibald Campbell writer in Campbelltown, and Mr John Campbell sen. merchant there, the trustees appointed on his subjects for behoof of his Creditors, and that on or before the 1st day of November next; certifying hereby those who fail, that regular actions will be commenced against them, for payment and expences, which it is hoped they will prevent, by complying herewith.

The articles of roup, with rentals of the subjects, &c. will be seen in the hands of the trustees at Campbelltown, or with Mr William Macdonald writer to the signet, Edinburgh, to whom intending purchasers may apply for further particulars.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffee-house, Edinburgh, upon Friday the 21st day of October 1785, betwixt the hours of four and five afternoon,

The PAPER-MILL of Springfield, which belonged to the deceased ROBERT FLEMING, situated upon the water of Eff, about six miles south of Edinburgh, with the whole Machinery and manufacturing Utensils thereof, and about Eight Acres of Ground belonging thereto, with the Houses, &c. built thereon, and the Rag Warehouse belonging to the said Mill in the Kirkcubright, Edinburgh.

AS ALSO,

The whole RAGS, PAPER, and other STOCK, manufactured and unmanufactured, both at the mill, and in the rag and paper warehouses in Edinburgh, that shall be on hand upon the said day of the sale.

The premises will be shown by David Grieve, overseer at the mill; and the title-deeds and conditions of sale to be seen in the hands of Francis Strachan, writer to the signet, who will inform of any further particulars wanted to be known.

HOUSE TO SELL.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 30th day of November next, betwixt the hours of six and seven afternoon,

A Genteel LODGING or DWELLING-HOUSE, in the High School Square, Edinburgh, presently possessed by Mr Congdon the proprietor, consisting of three stories, and an attic story. On the first or sunk story, there is a kitchen, servants rooms, and a number of other conveniences. On the second floor, a dining-room, and elegant drawing-room, with a large bow window to the east. On the third floor, there are two excellent bed-rooms, and a dressing-room; and in the attic story, there are two good bed-rooms with closets. Behind the house is a back court or area, containing water pipe, cellars, and a number of other conveniences.

The situation of the above house is remarkably free and airy, being open both to the east and west; and from its vicinity to the High School, seems particularly well calculated for the education of a young family. The house has easy access from the square, and the proprietor of it has the privilege of a large green bank behind the Surgeons-Hall for drying clothes or walking, &c.

For particulars apply to Samuel Mitchell clerk to the signet, Car-rubber's Close, who will treat with any person that wishes to make a private bargain betwixt and the day of sale.

The house may be seen every forenoon; and the key will be found at Miss Elliot's, Brown Square. And if a private bargain is concluded, the purchaser may enter to possession immediately, or at Martinmas next.

TO be SOLD by roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Tuesday the 29th day of November, 1785, betwixt the hours of six and seven afternoon,

The Lands and Barony of DURIE, comprehending the lands of Scoonie, Balgrummo, Barmbeath, and Balcurvie; the Town of Leven, with the Harbour and Port thereof, and shore and other dues there collected, and the Salmon and other fishings on both sides of the water of Leven, and in the sea at the mouth of that water, all lying contiguous, in the parishes of Scoonie and Markinch, and county of Fife.

This estate, holding of the Crown, is of considerable extent, pleasantly situate on the east coast of Fife, ten miles east from Kinghorn, and within a mile of the town of Leven; of an excellent soil, and mostly inclosed and subdivided with hedges in a very thriving condition; and there is coal and marl upon it, and lime in the neighbourhood.

The present rental of the estate, after deduction of all public burdens, amounts to above 1220 l. sterling. A considerable part of it presently out of lease, will let at an advanced rent; and when the current leases expire, a few years hence, a further rise may be expected. The farm houses are all in good repair, many of them lately built.

The mansion-house of Durie, lately built, is elegant and modern, fit for the accommodation of any gentleman's family. It commands an extensive and beautiful prospect of the adjacent country, the firth of Forth, and opposite coast of Lothian; and there are fine gardens and convenient offices of every kind in good repair.

This estate, from its vicinity to the sea, situate on the water of Leven, in a plentiful and populous country, and capable of much improvement, is a most desirable purchase. There are woods and belts of planting upon it of considerable value, in a thriving condition.

For further particulars apply to Alexander Farquharson accountant in Edinburgh, or Cornelius Elliot writer to the signet, who will show the progress of writs and plans of the estate, with the rent-roll, current leases, and conditions of sale.

Andrew Buist gardener at Durie house, will show the estate.

BY ADJOURNMENT, AND THE UPSET PRICE REDUCED.
TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Queen's Head Inn in Ayr, upon Friday the 21st day of October next.

The Lands and Estate of ARDMILLAN, lying in the parish of Glivan, and shire of Ayr, consisting of the following particulars:

I. The HOUSE and GARDENS of Ardmillan, and the lands adjoining to them, which were in the natural possession of the late proprietor, and as now possessed by John M'Mikin, Esq; on a millive, current for one year after Whitfunday next, at the yearly rent of, L. 100 0 0

II. MAYOCH and WOODLAND, also possessed by Mr M'Mikin, upon a lease for twenty-five years from Whitfunday 1783, at

N. B. He paid 200 l. Sterling of grassum at his entry.

III. DRUMFAIRN, lately possessed by James Dun, and some houses and yards, lately possessed by Margaret Orr, and now let to Mr M'Mikin for twenty-five years after Whitfunday last, at

N. B. He paid 100 l. Sterling of grassum when he got his lease.

IV. CARRNARY and PENBRAIN, LOCHTON PARK, and others, possessed by Charles Earl, upon a lease for twenty-one years, from 1st November 1779, at

V. BYNEHILL, (excepting that part of it lately occupied by William Eaglefome) possessed on a millive by William Roxburgh, for twenty-three years from Martinmas 1773, at

VI. That Part of BYNEHILL, lately possessed by William Eaglefome, now by William Roxburgh, who fits upon a verbal set at

VII. The SUPERIORITY of the Lands of KILLANTRINGAN, and some houses and yards about Glivan, which yield a feu-duty of about

Total rent, L. 338 7 6

THE DEDUCTIONS ARE,

1. Feu-duty payable to the Bishop of Galloway, L. 5 6 1 4-12ths

2. Vicarage teind payable to the College of Glasgow, 5 0 0

3. Stipend payable to the minister of Glivan, 9 bolls 3 firlets of meal, and 13 bolls 3 firlets bear, rated for the last year at L. 17 2 9

And in money 1 2 2 8-12ths

4. School salary, 18 4 11 8-12ths

Free rent, L. 358 10 11

The upset-price reduced from 10,000 l. the proven value, to 9000 l.

The estate has not been measured, but it is of very considerable extent, and enjoys many great advantages. It affords, amongst others, a freehold qualification in the county. The house is in good repair, and fit to accommodate a large family. Its situation is uncommonly pleasant, being near the sea, and commanding a delightful prospect of the islands of Arran, Mlay, &c. The gardens are some of the best in the country, and partly walled, and planted with wall-fruit.

For further particulars, application may be made to John Macmikin of Killantrinan, Esq; at Ardmillan; or to Andrew Blane writer to the signet, who will show the title-deeds and articles of roup.

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